

## Part VI: Summary of the risk management plan

### Summary of risk management plan for Levosimendan Farmak (Levosimendan)

This is a summary of the risk management plan (RMP) for Levosimendan Farmak. The RMP details important risks of Levosimendan Farmak and how more information will be obtained about Levosimendan Farmak's risks and uncertainties (missing information).

Levosimendan Farmak's summary of product characteristics (SmPC) and its package leaflet give essential information to healthcare professionals and patients on how Levosimendan Farmak should be used.

Important new concerns or changes to the current ones will be included in updates of Levosimendan Farmak's RMP.

#### I. The medicine and what it is used for

Levosimendan Farmak is authorised for the short-term treatment of acutely decompensated severe chronic heart failure in situations where conventional therapy is not sufficient, and in cases where inotropic support is considered appropriate (see SmPC for the full indication). It contains levosimendan as the active substance and it is given by intravenous infusion route of administration.

#### II. Risks associated with the medicine and activities to minimise or further characterise the risks

Important risks of Levosimendan Farmak, together with measures to minimise such risks and the proposed studies for learning more about Levosimendan Farmak's risks, are outlined below.

Measures to minimise the risks identified for medicinal products can be:

- Specific information, such as warnings, precautions, and advice on correct use, in the package leaflet and SmPC addressed to patients and healthcare professionals;
- Important advice on the medicine's packaging;
- The authorised pack size — the amount of medicine in a pack is chosen so to ensure that the medicine is used correctly;
- The medicine's legal status — the way a medicine is supplied to the patient (e.g. with or without prescription) can help to minimise its risks.

Together, these measures constitute *routine risk minimisation* measures.

In addition to these measures, information about adverse reactions is collected continuously and regularly analysed so that immediate action can be taken as necessary. These measures constitute *routine pharmacovigilance activities*.

##### II.A List of important risks and missing information

Important risks of Levosimendan Farmak are risks that need special risk management activities to further investigate or minimise the risk, so that the medicinal product can be safely taken. Important risks can be regarded as identified or potential. Identified risks are concerns for which there

### 1.8.2. Risk Management Plan

#### Levosimendan Farmak 2.5 mg/ml concentrate for solution for infusion

is sufficient proof of a link with the use of Levosimendan Farmak. Potential risks are concerns for which an association with the use of this medicine is possible based on available data, but this association has not been established yet and needs further evaluation. Missing information refers to information on the safety of the medicinal product that is currently missing and needs to be collected (e.g. on the long-term use of the medicine);

<b>Summary of the safety concerns</b>	
Important identified risks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• None</li> </ul>
Important potential risks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• None</li> </ul>
Missing information	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• None</li> </ul>

### ***II.B Summary of important risks***

The safety information in the proposed Product Information is aligned to the reference medicinal product.

### ***II.C Post-authorisation development plan***

#### **II.C.1 Studies which are conditions of the marketing authorisation**

There are no studies which are conditions of the marketing authorisation or specific obligation of Levosimendan Farmak.

#### **II.C.2 Other studies in post-authorisation development plan**

There are no studies required for Levosimendan Farmak.